TECHNICAL BULLETIN

PURELL® Alcohol-Based Gel 85 Technical Data

INDICATIONS: For hygienic and surgical hand disinfection.

DIRECTIONS: For a Hygienic hand rub: Use 3 mL of PURELL in the palm of your hands, and rub until it fully evaporates (circa 30 seconds), without forgetting fingernails, thumbs, between fingers, and wrists.

Physical Properties

Appearance: Colorless to Pale

Yellow

Fragrance: Alcoholic, Fragrance

Free

Form: Gel

pH: 6.3 - 8.7

Ingredients

INCI Name*	Ingredient Class		
Alcohol	Antimicrobial Agent		
Water (Aqua)	Carrier		
Isopropyl Alcohol	Denaturant		
Acrylates/C10-30 Alkyl Acrylate Crosspolymer	Viscosity Increasing Agent		
Aminomethyl Propanol	pH Adjuster		
Propylene Glycol	Skin Conditioning Agent, Humectant		
Isopropyl Myristate	Emollient		

^{*}International Nomenclature Cosmetic Ingredient

Irritancy Data and Allergy Test Results

21 Day Cumulative Irritancy Assay

Objective: Evaluation of irritation potential in humans.

Description of Test: Phillips et al. (Toxic and Applied Pharmacology 21: 369-

382, 1972). The fresh materials are applied five (5) days weekly for twenty-one (21) days to the same site. Patches are not reapplied on weekends (or holidays); they remain in place for these periods. There are fifteen (15) days of

reading, even when holidays intervene.

Independent Dermatologic Research Laboratory, San Francisco, CA

Laboratory:

Date: March 22, 2002

Results: Average Score = 0.19 (scale 0-4). Lower scores indicate

lower potential for skin irritation and allergic contact

dermatitis.

Conclusions: Product has a low potential for skin irritation and allergic

contact dermatitis.

Efficacy Data - In Vitro

Percent Reduction of Test Organisms After a 15-Second Exposure

Objective: To evaluate the antimicrobial effectiveness of product

formulations when challenged with a broad spectrum of

microorganisms.

Description of Test: Fifteen (15) second exposure kill studies were performed

utilizing twenty-four (24) challenge microorganisms. The challenge inoculum was introduced to the test product at time zero; a portion of the sample was removed and placed in neutralizing media at the appropriate time (15 seconds).

Standard plate counting techniques were used to enumerate viable challenge microorganisms.

Independent Laboratory: BioScience Laboratories, Inc., Bozeman, MT

Dates: May 5, 1995; March 9, 1998; September 4, 1998

Results:

Microorganism	ATCC No.	Percent Reduction
Alcaligenes faecalis	8750	>99.99
Aspergillus niger	16404	>99.99
Bacillus subtilis	6051	>99.98
Branhamella catarrhalis	25238	>99.99
Candida albicans	10231	>99.99
Clostridium difficile	9689	>99.99
Corynebacterium diphtheriae	11913	>99.99
Enterobacter aerogenes	13048	>99.99
Enterococcus faecalis	51575	>99.99
Vancomycin resistant		
Enterococcus faecium	51559	>99.99
Vancomycin resistant		
Escherichia coli	11229	99.56
Escherichia coli (0157;H7)	35150	>99.99
Listeria monocytogenes	15313	>99.99
Proteus mirabilis	7002	99.86
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	15442	>99.99
Salmonella enteritidis	13076	>99.99
Salmonella typhimurium	14028	>99.99
Serratia marcescens	14756	>99.99
Shigella dysenteriae	13313	>99.99
Staphylococcus aureus Methicillin resistant	33591	>99.99
Staphylococcus aureus	6538	>99.99

Staphylococcus epidermidis	12228	>99.99
Streptococcus pneumoniae	33400	>99.99
Streptococcus pyogenes	19615	99.95

Conclusions: Very effective reduction of Gram-negative and Gram-

positive bacteria was demonstrated.

Efficacy Data – European Standards

European Standard pr EN 12054 (1998 July) Test

Objective: To determine if test product, used for hygienic and

surgical handwash, does or does not have bactericidal

activity.

Description of Test: European Standard pr EN 12054 (1998 July): Chemical

disinfectants and antiseptics- Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of bacterial activity for hygienic and surgical handrub and handwash used in human medicine- Test method requirements (phase2/ step 1).

Independent ICARE, Saint Beauzire, France

Laboratory:

Date: August 12, 2003

Conclusions: According to European standard pr EN 12054 (1998 July),

the test product has a bactericidal activity for hygienic

handrub at 20°C in 1 minute with a 90% product

concentration towards reference strains: *Pseudomonas* aeruginosa ATCC 15442, *Enterococcus hirae* ATCC 10541, *Escherichia coli* NCTC 10538 and *Staphylococcus*

aureus ATCC 6538.

AFNOR Standard NF T 72-180 (December 1989) Test

Objective: To determine the virucidal activity of test product versus

rotavirus SA11 according to an experimental protocol based on AFNOR standard NF T 72-180 (December 1989)

Description of Test: Performed in accordance with criteria of AFNOR standard

NF T 72-180 (December 1989).

Independent Institut De Recherche Microbiologique, Mitry-Mory,

Laboratory: France

Date: August 7, 2003

Conclusions: Test product is virucidal versus rotavirus SA11 according

to the criteria of AFNOR standard NF T 72-180 (December 1989) after 5 minutes contact at 20°C at a concentration of

50% (w/v).

European Standard NF EN 1040 (April 1997) Test

Objective: To determine basic bactericidal activity of test product

according to European Norm NF EN 1040 (April 1997).

Description of Test: European Norm NF EN 1040 (April 1997): Chemical

disinfectants and antiseptics- Basic bactericidal activity-

Test method and requirements (Step 1).

Independent

Laboratory:

ICARE, Saint Beauzire, France

Date: August 12, 2003

Conclusions: According to the European Standard NF EN 1040 (April

1997) the test product has a bactericidal activity in 1 minute at 20°C with an 80% concentration towards the reference strains *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* ATCC 15442

and Staphylococcus aureus ATCC 6538.

European Standard NF EN 1275 (June 1997) Test

Objective: To determine if test product does or does not have

fungicidal activity.

Description of Test: European Norm NF EN 1275 (June 1997): Chemical

disinfectants and antiseptics- Basic fungicidal activity-

Test method and requirements (Step 1).

Independent

Laboratory:

ICARE, Saint Beauzire, France

Date: August 12, 2003

Conclusions: According to the European Standard NF EN 1275 (June

1997) the test product has a fungicidal activity in 5 minutes at 20°C with an 80% concentration towards the

reference strain Candida albicans ATCC 10231.

European Standard Draft prEN 12791 (1997) Test

Objective: To determine if the test product, for surgical hand

disinfection, reduces the release of hand flora according to requirements when used for the disinfection of the

clean hands of volunteers.

Description of Test: European Standard Draft EN 12791 (1997): Chemical

disinfectants and antiseptics- Surgical hand

disinfectants- Test method and requirements (Phase 2/

Step 2).

Independent

ICARE, Saint Beauzire, France

Laboratory:

Date: August 13, 2003

Conclusions: The average immediate and 3-hour logarithmic reduction

factor for the test product are greater than those for the

reference product.

According to prEN 12791, the test product is suitable for surgical hand disinfection in the following application: rub as many volumes of 3 mL onto the hands as is

necessary to keep them wet for 3 minutes.

Modified European Standard prEN 12054:1995 Test

Objective: To determine bactericidal activity of product formulations

under laboratory conditions (prEN 12054:1995).

Description of Test: Modified from European Standard prEN 12054: 1995.

Quantitative suspension test for the evaluation of

bactericidal activity of products for hygienic and surgical handrub and handwash used in human medicine. Test

method requirements (phase2/ step 1).

Independent Skin Research Centre (Microbiology) University of Leeds,

Laboratory: Leeds, United Kingdom

Date: February 12, 2004

Conclusions: According to prEN 12054:2001(E), the test product

possesses bactericidal activity against Escherichia coli

NCTC 10538, Enterococcus hirae NCIMB 8192, Pseudomonas aeruginosa NCIMB 10421 and

Staphylococcus aureus NCTC 10788 at 1 minute contact

time according to the requirements for a hygienic

handrub product.

Modified British Standard prEN 1500:1997 Test

Objective: To determine whether handrub products reduce the

release of transient microflora from artificially

contaminated hands.

Description of Test: Modified from British Standard prEN 1500: 1997.

Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics- Hygienic

handrub- Test method and requirements (phase 2/ step 2).

Independent Skin Research Centre (Microbiology) University of Leeds,

Laboratory: Leeds, United Kingdom

Date: April 29, 2004

Conclusions: According to EN 1500:1997, the test product possesses

bactericidal activity against *Escherichia coli* NCTC 10538 at 30 second contact time equivalent to the reference standard according to the requirements for a hygienic

handrub product.

According to a modified version EN 1500:1997, the test product revealed bactericidal activity equivalent to the reference standard against *Escherichia coli* NCTC 10538 after 15 second exposure and against *Staphylococcus epidermidis* NCTC 11047 after 30 second exposure and

after 15 second exposure.

European Standard NF EN 1500 (1997 September) Test

Objective: To determine if test product allows or does not allow the

reduction of transient flora during hygienic handrub.

Description of Test: European Standard NF EN 1500 (1997 September):

Chemical disinfectants and antiseptics- Surgical hand disinfectants- Test method and requirements (phase 2/

step 2).

Independent

ICARE, Saint Beauzire, France

Laboratory:

Date: August 13, 2003

Conclusions: The average logarithmic reduction factor of the test

product is lower than the reference product, but the difference is not statistically significant at significance

level p=0,1.

Test product complies with European Standard EN 1500

(1997 September).